

SELECTED ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS FOR THE CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION BY DISABILITY STATUS

2017 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Technical Documentation](#) section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Methodology](#) section.

Versions of this table are available for the following years:

2017
2016
2015
2014
2013
2012
2011
2010
2009
2008

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56
of
56

Subject	Alaska					
	Total Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population		With a Disability		No Disability	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Population Age 16 and Over	549,622	+/-2,588	85,929	+/-4,808	463,693	+/-5,127
EMPLOYMENT STATUS						
Employed	62.8%	+/-1.0	32.6%	+/-2.4	68.4%	+/-1.1
Not in Labor Force	32.1%	+/-0.9	63.4%	+/-2.4	26.3%	+/-1.0
Employed Population Age 16 and Over	344,972	+/-5,496	27,982	+/-2,710	316,990	+/-5,333
CLASS OF WORKER						
Private for-profit wage and salary workers	59.1%	+/-1.3	56.4%	+/-5.0	59.3%	+/-1.4
Employee of private company workers	56.0%	+/-1.3	54.6%	+/-5.0	56.1%	+/-1.4
Self-employed in own incorporated business workers	3.1%	+/-0.5	1.8%	+/-0.9	3.2%	+/-0.5
Private not-for-profit wage and salary workers	9.5%	+/-0.8	11.9%	+/-3.1	9.3%	+/-0.9
Local government workers	8.7%	+/-0.7	8.5%	+/-2.5	8.7%	+/-0.7
State government workers	9.6%	+/-0.7	6.6%	+/-2.7	9.8%	+/-0.8
Federal government workers	6.7%	+/-0.7	8.1%	+/-2.4	6.6%	+/-0.8
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	6.3%	+/-0.6	8.3%	+/-2.5	6.1%	+/-0.6
Unpaid family workers	0.1%	+/-0.1	0.1%	+/-0.2	0.1%	+/-0.1
OCCUPATION						
Management, business, science, and arts occupations	37.4%	+/-1.4	32.6%	+/-4.4	37.8%	+/-1.5
Service occupations	17.4%	+/-1.2	20.3%	+/-5.0	17.1%	+/-1.2
Sales and office occupations	23.2%	+/-1.2	22.9%	+/-4.5	23.3%	+/-1.2
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations	11.2%	+/-0.9	15.5%	+/-4.3	10.9%	+/-0.8
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	10.8%	+/-0.9	8.7%	+/-2.4	11.0%	+/-1.0
INDUSTRY						
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	4.4%	+/-0.5	2.8%	+/-1.1	4.6%	+/-0.5
Construction	7.3%	+/-0.7	8.1%	+/-3.0	7.2%	+/-0.7
Manufacturing	3.6%	+/-0.6	1.9%	+/-0.8	3.7%	+/-0.6
Wholesale trade	1.7%	+/-0.4	1.7%	+/-1.2	1.7%	+/-0.4
Retail trade	11.7%	+/-1.1	15.6%	+/-4.6	11.4%	+/-1.1
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	8.4%	+/-0.9	6.9%	+/-2.3	8.5%	+/-1.0
Information	2.2%	+/-0.4	3.0%	+/-1.4	2.1%	+/-0.4
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	3.2%	+/-0.6	4.6%	+/-1.9	3.1%	+/-0.6
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	7.7%	+/-0.8	7.6%	+/-2.6	7.7%	+/-0.8
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	24.8%	+/-1.2	24.9%	+/-4.1	24.8%	+/-1.2
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	9.3%	+/-1.0	9.4%	+/-3.1	9.3%	+/-1.0
Other services (except public administration)	4.4%	+/-0.6	4.3%	+/-2.1	4.4%	+/-0.6
Public administration	11.4%	+/-1.0	9.2%	+/-2.7	11.6%	+/-1.0
COMMUTING TO WORK						
Workers Age 16 and Over	334,663	+/-5,961	26,855	+/-2,667	307,808	+/-5,604
Car, truck, or van - drove alone	69.1%	+/-1.4	68.2%	+/-5.0	69.2%	+/-1.5
Car, truck, or van - carpooled	11.8%	+/-1.2	12.0%	+/-3.5	11.8%	+/-1.2
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	1.7%	+/-0.5	1.9%	+/-1.4	1.7%	+/-0.4
Walked	7.1%	+/-0.6	7.0%	+/-2.5	7.1%	+/-0.6
Taxicab, motorcycle, bicycle, or other means	5.5%	+/-0.5	5.8%	+/-1.5	5.5%	+/-0.5

Subject	Alaska					
	Total Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population		With a Disability		No Disability	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Worked at home	4.8%	+/-0.6	5.1%	+/-2.1	4.7%	+/-0.7
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT						
Population Age 25 and Over	466,733	+/-2,495	80,092	+/-4,451	386,641	+/-5,124
Less than high school graduate	8.3%	+/-0.6	15.4%	+/-2.0	6.8%	+/-0.6
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	27.6%	+/-1.1	32.0%	+/-2.2	26.7%	+/-1.3
Some college or associate's degree	35.1%	+/-1.1	35.3%	+/-2.7	35.0%	+/-1.2
Bachelor's degree or higher	29.0%	+/-1.2	17.2%	+/-2.1	31.4%	+/-1.3
EARNINGS IN PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2017 INFLATION ADJUSTED DOLLARS)						
Population Age 16 and over with earnings	392,058	+/-5,766	33,632	+/-2,926	358,426	+/-5,800
\$1 to \$4,999 or less	9.0%	+/-0.8	8.0%	+/-2.1	9.1%	+/-0.8
\$5,000 to \$14,999	12.0%	+/-0.9	17.7%	+/-3.3	11.5%	+/-1.0
\$15,000 to \$24,999	12.8%	+/-1.0	15.1%	+/-3.7	12.6%	+/-1.0
\$25,000 to \$34,999	12.2%	+/-0.8	12.3%	+/-3.2	12.2%	+/-0.9
\$35,000 to \$49,999	14.8%	+/-0.9	12.2%	+/-2.8	15.1%	+/-1.0
\$50,000 to \$74,999	17.7%	+/-0.9	16.1%	+/-3.1	17.8%	+/-1.0
\$75,000 or more	21.3%	+/-1.1	18.6%	+/-3.3	21.6%	+/-1.2
Median Earnings	37,852	+/-1,812	31,164	+/-3,983	39,129	+/-2,074
POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS						
Population Age 16 and over for whom poverty status is determined	547,741	+/-2,588	85,929	+/-4,808	461,812	+/-5,127
Below 100 percent of the poverty level	10.1%	+/-0.8	14.9%	+/-2.1	9.2%	+/-0.8
100 to 149 percent of the poverty level	6.6%	+/-0.7	10.7%	+/-1.7	5.9%	+/-0.7
At or above 150 percent of the poverty level	83.3%	+/-1.1	74.4%	+/-2.6	84.9%	+/-1.1

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The Census Bureau introduced a new set of disability questions in the 2008 ACS questionnaire. Accordingly, comparisons of disability data from 2008 or later with data from prior years are not recommended. For more information on these questions and their evaluation in the 2006 ACS Content Test, see the [Evaluation Report Covering Disability](#).

Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2012. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2010.

While the 2017 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the July 2015 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas, in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.